| Requirement | Yes | No | N/A | Comments |
|---|-----|----|-------------|---|
| RESIDENTIAL FLAT BUILDINGS | | | | |
| 2.1 Site area | | | | |
| D1 A residential flat building development shall have a minimum site area of 1000m ² and a street frontage of 20 metres in the B4 Zone or 26 metres in the R4 Zone. | | | | The site maintains a total area of 10,132.7sqm and a street frontage of 307m at its Church Street frontage. The site is considered suitable for the proposed development. |
| D2 Where lots are deep and have narrow street frontages the capacity for maximising residential development is limited. Two or more sites may need to be amalgamated to provide a combined site with sufficient width for good building design. | | | | чечеюрители. |
| 2.2 Site coverage | | | | |
| D1 The built upon area shall not exceed 50% of the total site area. | | | | The development maintains a compliant site coverage. |
| D2 The non-built upon area shall be landscaped and consolidated into one communal open space and/or a series of courtyards. | | | | |
| 2.4.1 Front setback | | | | Whilst it is noted that DA2019/94 approved |
| D1 The minimum front setback shall be between 4 to 6m (except for residential flat development in the B1 and B2 zones) to provide a buffer zone from the street where residential use occupies the ground level. | | | | a minimum front setback to Church Street of 4.1 metres, it is noted that a portion of Building D provides a minimum front setback of 3.8 metres, with the remainder of the building maintaining a front setback of between 4.8 metres and 8.3 metres. |
| D2 Where a site has frontage to a lane, the minimum setback shall be 2m, however, this will vary depending on the width of the lane. | | | \boxtimes | The proposed variation is considered to be minor, given the 200mm variation and the fact that this only applies to a portion of Building D. The site does not have a frontage to a lane. |
| D3 Where a new building is located on a corner, the main frontage shall be determined on the existing streetscape patterns. Where the elevation is determined as the 'secondary' frontage, the setback may be reduced to 3m except where it relates to a primary frontage on that street. | | | | The site maintains a compliant 3m setback. |
| D5 All building facades shall be articulated by bay windows, verandahs, balconies and/or blade walls. Such articulation elements may be forward of the required building line up to 1m. | | | | The development provides articulation through the placement of windows and balconies and variations in materials and colours. |
| 2.4.2 Side setback | | | | |
| D1 In all residential zones, buildings shall have a side setback of at least 3 metres. | | | | The development maintains compliant side setbacks of 3m. |
| D2 Eaves may extend a distance of 700mm from the wall. | | | | The building does not incorporate eaves. |

| 2.4.3 Rear setback | | | W// : 1 |
|--|--|-------------|---|
| D1 Rear setbacks shall be a minimum of 10m from the property boundary. | | | Whilst it is noted that DA2019/94 approved a rear setback of between 5.3 metres and 9.6 metres, it is noted that a portion of Building B maintains a minimum rear setback of 4.8 metres. The remainder of the buildings maintain a rear setback of between 6 metres to 14 metres. |
| | | | It is acknowledged that the rear setbacks have been guided by the requirements of Sydney Trains, who own the land to the immediate south of the site. Given that the land backs onto the railway corridor, the proposed variation is considered acceptable, as it does not generate any amenity, privacy impacts. |
| 2.5 Building depth | | | |
| D1 The maximum depth of a residential flat building shall be 24m (inclusive of balconies and building articulation but excluding architectural features). | | | Compliant building depths are provided in accordance with the ADG. |
| 2.6 Floor to ceiling heights | | | Minimum floor to coiling beingt of 2.7m |
| D1 The minimum floor to ceiling height shall be 2.7m. This does not apply to mezzanines. | | | Minimum floor to ceiling height of 2.7m applied to all levels of the development. |
| D2 Where there is a mezzanine configuration, the floor to ceiling height may be varied. | | \boxtimes | N/A – no mezzanine proposed. |
| 2.7 Head height of windows | | | T |
| D1 The head height of windows and the proportion of windows shall relate to the floor to ceiling heights of the dwelling. | | | The head heights of the windows are proportionate having regard to the floor to ceiling height. |
| D2 For storeys with a floor to ceiling height of 2.7m, the minimum head height of windows shall be 2.4m. | | | A minimum head height of 2.4m is achieved for proposed windows. |
| 2.8 Heritage | | | |
| D1 All development adjacent to and/or adjoining a heritage item shall be: □ responsive in terms of the curtilage and design; □ accompanied by a Heritage Impact Statement; and □ respectful of the building's heritage significance in terms of the form, massing, roof shapes, pitch, height and setbacks. | | | The subject site is not a Heritage item and is not located in a Heritage Conservation Area, in accordance with the provisions of the Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010. A number of heritage items are located within the vicinity of the site, being Rookwood Cemetery (State significance); Lidcombe Railway Station Group (local significance) and Lidcombe Signal Box (local significance). A Heritage Impact Statement (HIS) has been prepared by Weir Phillips which concludes that the alterations and additions will have an acceptable impact on heritage items in the vicinity, where they are sufficiently separated from the subject site. The increased height will not block any significant view corridors to/from these heritage items and will not overshadow any part of the Rookwood Cemetery. |

| 2.9.1 Materials | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|---|
| D1 All developments shall be constructed from durable, high quality materials. | \boxtimes | | The development utilises a range of durable, high quality materials, supported by the CDEP. |
| 2.9.2 Building articulation | | | |
| D1 Windows and doors in all facades shall be provided in a balanced manner and respond to the orientation and internal uses. | | | The windows and doors on all facades are provided in a balanced manner and respond to the orientation of internal uses. |
| D2 Dwelling entrances shall create a sense of individuality and act as a transitional space between private and communal spaces. Entrances shall be clearly articulated and identifiable from the street through use of address signage, lighting, canopies | \boxtimes | | The entrance to the building is acceptable. The building design utilises wall projections |
| and/or architectural statements. | | | and recessions to create a sense of articulation and depth. |
| D3 Elevations shall provide for variation and depth rather than relying on front façade treatment only. Varied massing projections and recesses shall be used to create a sense of articulation and depth. | | | The design of the development has been supported by the CDEP. |
| 2.9.3 Roof form | | | |
| D1 Roof forms shall be designed in a way that does not add unnecessary height and bulk to the building. | | | The development provides acceptable roof forms and has been supported by the CDEP. |
| 2.9.4 Balustrades and balconies | | | Noted |
| D1 Balustrades and balconies shall be designed to maximise views of the street. The design of the underside of the balcony shall take into consideration the view of the underside from the street and shall avoid having exposed pipes and utilities. | | | Noted. |
| D2 Opaque glazing and/or masonry for balustrading and balconies is encouraged. | | | A standard condition of consent has been imposed for glazing of balconies. |
| D3 Clear glazing for balustrading and balconies is prohibited. | | | See above. |
| 2.10 Dwelling size | | | |
| D1 The size of the dwelling shall determine the maximum number of bedrooms permitted. | | \boxtimes | All units achieve the minimum size requirements of ARH SEPP and ADG. |
| Studio 50m ² 1 bedroom (cross through) 50m ² 1 bedroom (maisonette) 62m ² 1 bedroom (single aspect) 63m ² 2 bedrooms (corner) 80m ² 2 bedrooms (cross through or over) 90m ² 3 bedrooms 115m ² 4 bedrooms 130m ² | | | |
| D2 At least one living area shall be spacious and connect to private outdoor areas. | | | Each unit maintains a living area which connects to either a ground floor courtyard or balcony. |

| 2.11 Apartment mix and flexibility | | | |
|---|-------------|--|---|
| D1 A variety of apartment types between studio, one, two, three and three plus-bedroom apartments shall be provided, particularly in large apartment buildings. Variety may not be possible in smaller buildings, for example, up to six units. | \boxtimes | | A variety of apartment types has been provided. |
| D2 The appropriate apartment mix for a location shall be refined by: □ considering population trends in the future as well as present market demands; and □ noting the apartment's location in relation to public transport, public facilities, employment areas, schools and universities and retail centres. | | | See above comment. |
| D3 A mix of one (1) and three (3) bedroom apartments shall be located on the ground level where accessibility is more easily achieved for disabled, elderly people or families with children. | | | A mix of unit types is provided on the ground floor of each building. |
| D4 The possibility of flexible apartment configurations, which support future change to optimise the building layout and to provide northern sunlight access for all apartments, shall be considered. | | | Flexible apartment configurations have been provided where possible to optimize solar access potential. |
| D5 Robust building configurations which utilise multiple entries and circulation cores shall be provided especially in larger buildings over 15m long. | | | Each building provides a central entry point at ground level and a central lift core. |
| D6 Apartment layouts which accommodate the changing use of rooms shall be provided. Design solutions may include: windows in all habitable rooms and to the maximum number of non-habitable rooms; adequate room sizes or open-plan apartments, which provide a variety of furniture layout opportunities; and dual master bedroom apartments, which can support two independent adults living together or a live/work situation. | | | Apartment layouts have been supported by the CDEP. |
| D7 Structural systems that support a degree of future change in building use or configuration shall be used. Design solutions may include: | | | Noted. |
| □ a structural grid, which accommodates car parking dimensions, retail, commercial and residential uses vertically throughout the building; □ the alignment of structural walls, columns and services cores between floor levels; □ the minimisation of internal structural walls; □ higher floor to ceiling dimensions on the ground floor and possibly the first floor; and □ knock-out panels between apartments to allow two adjacent apartments to be amalgamated. | | | |

| 3.2 Landscaping | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--|
| D1 If an area is to be paved, consideration shall be given to selecting materials that will reduce glare and minimise surface run-off. | | | Paving selection as per Landscape Plan is considered acceptable. |
| D2 All landscaped podium areas shall maintain a minimum soil planting depth of 600mm for tree provision and 300mm for turf provision. | | | Noted, ground level communal open space area designed accordingly. |
| 3.3 Deep soil zone | | | |
| D1 A minimum of 30% of the site area shall be a deep soil zone. | | \boxtimes | A deep soil zone of 9.1% has been provided, this is considered satisfactory. |
| D2 The majority of the deep soil zone shall be provided as a consolidated area at the rear of the building. | | | Where possible, deep soil zone provided to the rear of the development. |
| D3 Deep soil zones shall have minimum dimensions of 5m. | | | Deep soil zones maintain minimum 5m dimensions. |
| D4 Deep soil zones shall not include any impervious (hard) surfaces such as paving or concrete. | | | Noted, factored into calculation. |
| 3.4 Landscape setting | | | |
| D2 Existing significant trees shall be retained within the development. | \boxtimes | | Where possible trees have been retained. |
| D3 The minimum soil depth for terraces where tree planting is proposed is 800mm. | | | Noted. |
| 3.5 Private open space | | | |
| D1 Private open space shall be provided for each dwelling in the form of a balcony, roof terrace or, for dwellings on the ground floor, a courtyard. | | | Each unit is provided with POS in the form of either a ground floor courtyard or upper level balcony. |
| D2 Dwellings on the ground floor shall be provided with private open space that has a minimum area of 9m² and a minimum dimension of 2.5m. | | | Each ground floor dwelling provided with separate POS. |
| D3 Dwellings located above ground level shall be provided with a balcony or roof terrace that has a minimum area of 8m² and a minimum dimension of 2m. | | | Each upper level unit provided with balcony. |
| D4 Balconies may be semi enclosed with louvres and screens. | | | POS has convenient access from main |
| D5 Private open space shall have convenient access from the main living area. | | | living areas via sliding doors. |
| D6 Part of the private open space shall be capable of serving as an extension of the dwelling for relaxation, dining, recreation, entertainment and children's play. | | | Part of POS areas capable of being used as an extension of living areas, as a result of adequate dimensions for outdoor furniture. |
| | | | |

| 3.6 Communal open space | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|
| D1 Communal open space shall be useable, and where possible have a northern aspect and contain a reasonable proportion of unbuilt upon (landscaped) area and paved recreation area. | | | Adequate communal open space has been provided. |
| D2 The communal open space area shall have minimum dimensions of 10m. | | | |
| 3.7 Protection of existing trees | | | |
| D1 Building structures or disturbance to existing ground levels shall not be within the drip line of existing significant trees to be retained. | | | Trees have been retained where possible, those trees to be removed are not significant. |
| D2 Existing trees are to be retained and integrated into a new landscaping scheme, wherever possible. Suitable replacement trees are to be provided if existing trees cannot be retained. | | | |
| 3.8 Biodiversity | | | |
| D1 The planting of indigenous species shall be encouraged. | | | The Landscape Plan utilises endemic species. |
| 3.9 Street trees | | | |
| D1 Driveways and services shall be located to preserve existing significant street trees. | | | Street tree planting has been conditioned in DA2019/94. |
| D2 Additional street trees shall be planted at an average spacing of 1 per 10 lineal metres of street frontage. | | | |
| 4.2 Basements | | | |
| D1 Where possible, basement walls shall be located directly under building walls. | | \boxtimes | Basement footprint as approved by DA2019/94. |
| D2 A dilapidation report shall be prepared for all development that is adjacent to sites which build to the boundary. | | \boxtimes | See above. |
| D3 Basement walls not located on the side boundary shall have minimum setback of 1.2m from the side boundary to allow planting. | | \boxtimes | See above. |
| D4 Basement walls visible above ground level shall be appropriately finished (such as face brickwork and/or render) and appear as part of the building. | | \boxtimes | See above. |
| | | | |

| 5.1 Privacy | | |
|---|--|---|
| D1 Buildings shall be designed to form large external courtyards with a minimum distance of 10 to 12m between opposite windows of habitable rooms. | | The development is considered to maintain adequate side and rear setbacks, so as not to compromise visual privacy of adjoining developments. |
| D3 Site layout and building design shall ensure that windows do not provide direct and close views into windows, balconies or private open spaces of adjoining dwellings. | | As above. |
| D4 Views onto adjoining private open space shall be obscured by: ☐ Screening that has a maximum area of 25% openings, shall be permanently fixed and made of durable materials; or ☐ Existing dense vegetation or new planting. | | As above. |
| 5.2 Noise D1 For acoustic privacy, buildings shall: □ be designed to locate noise sensitive rooms and private open space away from the noise source or by use of solid barriers where dwellings are close to high noise sources; □ minimise transmission of sound through the building structure and in particular protect sleeping areas from noise intrusion; and □ all shared floors and walls between dwellings to be constructed in accordance with noise transmission and insulation requirements of the BCA. | | A condition of consent has been recommended to ensure compliance with the recommendations of the Noise Assessment submitted with the application. |

| be | | | | Condition of consent recommended. |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| hs, | | | | Condition of consent recommended. |
| not | | | | No high walls proposed that would obstruct surveillance. |
| be | \boxtimes | | | Entry is easily identifiable. |
| olic rve ast the | | | | Development has been designed to facilitate passive surveillance of the street. |
| be ew ent. | \boxtimes | | | Provision made for street numbering at the entrance to the building. |
| en | | | | Condition of consent recommended. |
| to | \boxtimes | | | Balconies and windows adequately placed. |
| ing the | | | | Proposed landscaping does not obstruct the building entrance. |
| be or | | | | Street tree planting addressed as part of DA2019/94/ |
| of a I in | | | | Seating appropriately provided. |
| ces ver | | | | Building designed to facilitate casual surveillance of Church Street. |
| | hs, not be blic rive ast the bewent. been to ling the or f a in less | hs, hs, hs, hs, hs, hs, hs, hs, | hs, | hs, |

| | 5.4 Fences | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| their merit, with regard being given to materials that are similar to other contributory fences in the vicinity, with a general prohibition on the following materials: Cement block; Metal sheeting, profiled, treated or pre-coated. Fibro, flat or profile; Brushwood; and Barbed wire or other dangerous material. D3 All fences forward of the building alignment shall be treated in a similar way. D4 Solid pre-coated metal fences shall be discouraged and shall not be located forward of the front building line. D5 Front fences shall satisfy the acoustic abatement criteria and be provided with a landscaped area on the street side of the fence. D6 Fences located on side or rear boundaries of the premises, behind the main building line shall not exceed a maximum height of 1.8m. D7 Fencing and associated walls must be positioned so as not to interfere with any existing trees. D8 Gates and doors are to be of a type which does not encroach over the street alignment during | within the front yard area, shall not exceed 1.2m as measured above existing ground level and shall be a | | Conditions of consent for fencing to ensure compliance with these provisions of the DCP have been recommended. |
| Metal sheeting, profiled, treated or pre-coated. Fibro, flat or profile; Brushwood; and Barbed wire or other dangerous material. D3 All fences forward of the building alignment shall be treated in a similar way. D4 Solid pre-coated metal fences shall be discouraged and shall not be located forward of the front building line. D5 Front fences shall satisfy the acoustic abatement criteria and be provided with a landscaped area on the street side of the fence. D6 Fences located on side or rear boundaries of the premises, behind the main building line shall not exceed a maximum height of 1.8m. D7 Fencing and associated walls must be positioned so as not to interfere with any existing trees. D8 Gates and doors are to be of a type which does not encroach over the street alignment during | their merit, with regard being given to materials that are similar to other contributory fences in the vicinity, | | |
| be treated in a similar way. D4 Solid pre-coated metal fences shall be discouraged and shall not be located forward of the front building line. D5 Front fences shall satisfy the acoustic abatement criteria and be provided with a landscaped area on the street side of the fence. D6 Fences located on side or rear boundaries of the premises, behind the main building line shall not exceed a maximum height of 1.8m. D7 Fencing and associated walls must be positioned so as not to interfere with any existing trees. D8 Gates and doors are to be of a type which does not encroach over the street alignment during | □ Metal sheeting, profiled, treated or pre-coated. □ Fibro, flat or profile; □ Brushwood; and | | |
| discouraged and shall not be located forward of the front building line. D5 Front fences shall satisfy the acoustic abatement criteria and be provided with a landscaped area on the street side of the fence. D6 Fences located on side or rear boundaries of the premises, behind the main building line shall not exceed a maximum height of 1.8m. D7 Fencing and associated walls must be positioned so as not to interfere with any existing trees. D8 Gates and doors are to be of a type which does not encroach over the street alignment during | | | |
| criteria and be provided with a landscaped area on the street side of the fence. D6 Fences located on side or rear boundaries of the premises, behind the main building line shall not exceed a maximum height of 1.8m. D7 Fencing and associated walls must be positioned so as not to interfere with any existing trees. D8 Gates and doors are to be of a type which does not encroach over the street alignment during | discouraged and shall not be located forward of the | | |
| premises, behind the main building line shall not exceed a maximum height of 1.8m. D7 Fencing and associated walls must be positioned so as not to interfere with any existing trees. D8 Gates and doors are to be of a type which does not encroach over the street alignment during | criteria and be provided with a landscaped area on | | |
| so as not to interfere with any existing trees. D8 Gates and doors are to be of a type which does not encroach over the street alignment during | premises, behind the main building line shall not | | |
| not encroach over the street alignment during | | | |
| | not encroach over the street alignment during | | |

| 6.1 Solar amenity | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|---|
| D1 Solar collectors proposed as part of a new development shall have unimpeded solar access between 9:00am to 3:00pm on June 21. Solar collectors existing on the adjoining properties shall not have their solar access impeded between 9:00am to 3:00pm on June 21. Where adjoining properties do not have any solar collectors, a minimum of 3m2 of north facing roof space of the adjoining dwelling shall retain unimpeded solar access between 9:00am to 3:00pm on June 21. Note: Where the proposed development is located on an adjacent northern boundary this may not be possible. | | | Solar collectors have been provided on the roof of buildings. No solar collectors on adjoining properties. |
| D2 Buildings shall be designed to ensure sunlight to at least 50% of the principal area of ground level private open space of adjoining properties for at least 3 hours between 9:00am and 3:00pm on June 21. | | | The development provides adequate solar access to the POS of adjoining properties. |
| D4 New buildings and additions shall be designed to maximise direct sunlight to north-facing living areas and all private open space areas. | | | Northern orientation maximised where possible. |
| D5 North-facing windows to living areas of neighbouring dwellings shall not have sunlight reduced to less than 3 hours between 9:00am and 3:00pm on June 21 over a portion of their surface. | | \boxtimes | Refer to item D6. |
| D6 Where the proposed residential flat building is on an adjacent northern boundary or located within an area undergoing transition, compliance with D1, D2, D3 and D4 development controls may not be achievable. | \boxtimes | | Noted. |
| D7 Internal living areas and external recreation areas shall have a north orientation for the majority of units in the development, where possible. | | | Living areas and courtyards/balconies utilise northern orientation, where possible. |
| 6.2 Ventilation | | | |
| D1 Rooms with high fixed ventilation openings such as bathrooms and laundries shall be situated on the southern side to act as buffers to insulate the building from winter winds. | | | Where possible, bathroom windows have been sited on the southern building façade. |
| D2 Apartments shall be designed to consider ventilation and dual aspect. This can be achieved with cross over apartments, cross through apartments, corner apartments and two (2) storey apartments. Single aspect apartments shall be kept to a minimum except for those that are north facing. Single aspect apartments shall be limited in depth to 8m from a window. | | | Units are ventilated. |
| D3 Where possible residential flat buildings shall be designed with bathrooms, laundries, and kitchens positioned on an external wall with a window to allow for natural ventilation of the room. | | | Where possible bathrooms and kitchens have been positioned on an external wall. |

| D1 Developments may have rain water tanks for the collection and reuse of stormwater for car washing and watering of landscaped areas. D2 Rainwater tanks shall be constructed, treated or finished in a non-reflective material which blends in with the overall tones and colours of the building and the surrounding developments. D3 The suitability of rainwater tanks erected within the side setback areas of development will be assessed on an individual case by case basis. D4 Rainwater tanks shall not be located within the front setback. D5 The overflow from the domestic rain water tank shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For additional details refer to the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. D6 The rain water tank shall comply with the applicable Australian Standards AS/NZ 2179 and AS 2180 for rainwater goods and installation. 6.4 Stormwater drainage Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. | | | | |
|--|--|------|-------------|---|
| collection and reuse of stormwater for car washing and watering of landscaped areas. D2 Rainwater tanks shall be constructed, treated or finished in a non-reflective material which blends in with the overall tones and colours of the building and the surrounding developments. D3 The suitability of rainwater tanks erected within the side setback areas of development will be assessed on an individual case by case basis. D4 Rainwater tanks shall not be located within the front setback. D5 The overflow from the domestic rain water tank shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For additional details refer to the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. D6 The rain water tank shall comply with the applicable Australian Standards ASNZ 2179 and AS 2180 for rainwater goods and installation. 6.4 Stormwater drainage Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. D3 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. | 6.3 Rainwater tanks | | | |
| finished in a non-reflective material which blends in with the overall tones and colours of the building and the surrounding developments. D3 The suitability of rainwater tanks erected within the side setback areas of development will be assessed on an individual case by case basis. D4 Rainwater tanks shall not be located within the front setback. D5 The overflow from the domestic rain water tank shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For additional details refer to the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. D6 The rain water tank shall comply with the applicable Australian Standards AS/NZ 2179 and AS 2180 for rainwater goods and installation. 6.4 Stormwater drainage Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. N/A 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided in this space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. | collection and reuse of stormwater for car washing | | | |
| the side setback areas of development will be assessed on an individual case by case basis. D4 Rainwater tanks shall not be located within the front setback. D5 The overflow from the domestic rain water tank shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For additional details refer to the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. D6 The rain water tank shall comply with the applicable Australian Standards AS/NZ 2179 and AS 2180 for rainwater goods and installation. 6.4 Stormwater drainage Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided with ta side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. Services are underground. | finished in a non-reflective material which blends in with the overall tones and colours of the building and | | | |
| front setback. D5 The overflow from the domestic rain water tank shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For additional details refer to the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. D6 The rain water tank shall comply with the applicable Australian Standards AS/NZ 2179 and AS 2180 for rainwater goods and installation. 6.4 Stormwater drainage Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. 7.3 Utility services | the side setback areas of development will be | | | |
| shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For additional details refer to the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. D6 The rain water tank shall comply with the applicable Australian Standards AS/NZ 2179 and AS 2180 for rainwater goods and installation. 6.4 Stormwater drainage Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. Services are underground. | | | | |
| applicable Australian Standards AS/NZ 2179 and AS 2180 for rainwater goods and installation. 6.4 Stormwater drainage Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. 7.3 Utility services Refer to discussion in following section of this Table. N/A N/A N/A Each dwelling is provided with a minimum storage area of 8sqm. The required storage areas are provided wholly within the dwellings. | shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For additional details refer to the Stormwater | | | |
| Applicants shall refer to the stormwater drainage requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. Services are underground. | applicable Australian Standards AS/NZ 2179 and AS | | | |
| requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. 7.1 Clothes washing and drying D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. 7.3 Utility services L this Table. N/A N/A Each dwelling is provided with a minimum storage area of 8sqm. The required storage areas are provided wholly within the dwellings. | 6.4 Stormwater drainage | | | |
| D1 Each dwelling shall be provided with individual laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. 7.3 Utility services Services are underground. | requirements in the Stormwater Drainage Part of this | | | Refer to discussion in following section of this Table. |
| laundry facilities located within the dwelling unit. D2 Open air clothes drying facilities shall be provided in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. N/A N/A N/A Each dwelling is provided with a minimum storage area of 8sqm. The required storage areas are provided wholly within the dwellings. Services are underground. | 7.1 Clothes washing and drying | | | |
| in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public places, where possible. 7.2 Storage D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. | | | \boxtimes | N/A |
| D1 Storage space of 8m³ per dwelling shall be provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. The required storage areas are provided wholly within the dwellings. The required storage areas are provided wholly within the dwellings. Services are underground. | in a sunny, ventilated and convenient location which is adequately screened from streets and other public | | | N/A |
| provided. This space may form part of a garage or be a lockable unit at the side of the garage. D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. The required storage areas are provided wholly within the dwellings. 7.3 Utility services Services are underground. | 7.2 Storage | | | |
| D2 Storage space shall not impinge on the minimum area to be provided for parking spaces. wholly within the dwellings. T.3 Utility services Services are underground. | provided. This space may form part of a garage or be | | | |
| Services are underground. | | | | |
| | 7.3 Utility services | | | Comisso ore undergrees d |
| | D1 Where possible, services shall be underground. | | | Services are underground. |

| 7.4 Other site facilities | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|--|
| D1 A single TV/antenna shall be provided for each building. | | | Noted. |
| D2 A mailbox structure that meets the relevant Australia Postal Service requirements shall be provided, located centrally and close to the major street entry to the site. All letterboxes shall be lockable. | \boxtimes | | A condition of consent has been recommended to ensure Australia Post requirements are met. |
| D3 Individual letterboxes can be provided where ground floor residential flat building units have direct access to the street. | | \boxtimes | N/A |
| 7.5 Waste disposal | | | |
| Applicants shall refer to the requirements held in the Waste Part of this DCP. | \boxtimes | | Refer to discussion in following section of this Table. |
| 8.1 Lot amalgamation | | | |
| D1 Development sites involving more than one lot shall be consolidated. | | \boxtimes | N/A – development is proposed across a single lot. |
| D3 Adjoining parcels of land not included in the development site shall be capable of being economically developed. | | | The development does impact development potential of adjoining land. |
| 8.2 Subdivision | | | |
| D1 The community title or strata title subdivision of a residential flat building shall be in accordance with the approved development application plans, particularly in regard to the allocation of private open space, communal open space and car parking spaces. | | | No subdivision is proposed. |
| D2 Proposed allotments, which contain existing buildings and development, shall comply with site coverage and other controls contained within this Part. | | | N/A |
| 9.1 Adaptable housing - Development application requirements | | | |
| Note: Evidence of compliance with the Adaptable Housing Class C requirements of Australian Standard (AS) 4299 shall be submitted when lodging a development application to Council and certified by an experienced and qualified building professional. | | | A condition of consent has been provided for the provision of adaptable housing. |

| 9.2 Design guidelines | | |
|--|--|---|
| D1 The required standard for Adaptable Housing is AS 4299. Wherever the site permits, developments shall include adaptive housing features into the design. External and internal considerations shall include: access from an adjoining road and footpath for people who use a wheel chair; doorways wide enough to provide unhindered access to a wheelchair; adequate circulation space in corridors and approaches to internal doorways; wheelchair access to bathroom and toilet; electrical circuits and lighting systems capable of producing adequate lighting for people with poor vision; avoiding physical barriers and obstacles; avoiding steps and steep end gradients; visual and tactile warning techniques; level or ramped well lit uncluttered approaches from pavement and parking areas; providing scope for ramp to AS 1428.1 at later stage, if necessary; providing easy to reach controls, taps, basins, sinks, cupboards, shelves, windows, fixtures and doors; internal staircase designs for adaptable housing units that ensure a staircase inclinator can be installed at any time in the future; and providing a disabled car space for each dwelling designated as adaptable. | | A condition of consent has been provided for the provision of adaptable housing. |
| D2 All development proposals with five or more housing units shall be capable of being adapted (Class C) under AS 4299. The minimum number of adaptable housing units is set out below. Total number of dwellings in development & Minimum number of adaptable units 5 -10 | | |
| 9.3 Lifts | | |
| D1 Lifts are encouraged to be installed in four (4) storey residential flat buildings where adaptable housing units shall be required. D2 Where the development does not provide any lifts and includes adaptable housing units, the adaptable housing units shall be located within the ground floor of the development. | | Each building includes lift/s. N/A – see above comment. |
| 9.4 Physical barriers | | |
| D1 Physical barriers, obstacles, steps and steep gradients within the development site shall be avoided. | | The development does not provide physical barriers, obstacles, steps or steep grades. |

| Requirement | Yes | No | N/A | Comments |
|---|-----|----|-----|--|
| PARKING AND LOADING | | | | |
| 2.0 Off-street parking requirements | | | | |
| D1 All new development shall provide off-street parking in accordance with the parking requirement tables of the respective developments in this Part. | | | | Basement footprint as approved by DA2019/94. |
| 3.2 Access driveway and circulation roadway design | | | | |
| D1 Circulation roadways are designed to: □ enable vehicles to enter the parking space in a single turning movement; □ enable vehicles to leave the parking space in no more than two turning movements; □ comply with AS 2890 – Parking Facilities (all parts); □ comply with AS 1428.1 – Design for Access and Mobility; and □ comply with Council's road design specifications and quality assurance requirements. | | | | Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the proposed driveway layout and basement layout and raised no objections. |
| D2 Internal circulation roadways shall be adequate for the largest vehicle anticipated to use the site, and in this regard, vehicle manoeuvring shall be designed and justified using 'Auto Turn' or the like. | | | | |
| D5 Access driveway shall have a minimum width of 3.0m unless elsewhere specified. | | | | |
| D6 Access driveways shall be located a minimum of 1.2m clear from power poles and drainage pits. | | | | |
| 3.3 Sight distance and pedestrian safety | | | | |
| D1 Access driveways and circulation roadways shall be designed to comply with sight distance requirements specified in AS 2890 – Parking Facilities. | | | | Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the proposed driveway layout and position and raised no objections. |
| D2 Obstruction/fences shall be eliminated to provide adequate sight distance. | | | | |

| 3.4 General parking design | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | | | |
| D1 Visual dominance of car parking areas and access driveways shall be reduced. | | | The car park is contained wholly underground. |
| D2 All basement/underground car parks shall be designed to enter and leave the site in a forward direction. | | | The basement car park has been designed for vehicles to enter and leave the site in a forward direction. |
| D3 Car parking modules and access paths shall be designed to comply with AS 2890 – Parking Facilities (all parts). Note 1: Disabled parking shall comply with AS 2890 – Parking Facilities requirements. Parking bay envelope width shall be maintained for the length of the parking bay. Note 2: Visitor parking dimensions shall be a minimum 2.6m x 5.4m. | | | Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the car park layout and raised on issues. |
| D4 All pedestrian paths and ramps shall: ☐ Have a minimum width of 1000mm; ☐ Have a non-slip finish; ☐ Not be steep (ramp grades between 1:20 and 1:14 are preferred); ☐ Comply with AS 1428.1 – Design for Access and Mobility; and ☐ Comply with AS 1428.2 – Standards for blind people or people with vision impairment. | | | Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the plans and raised on issues with respect to pedestrian paths and ramps. |
| 4.0 Residential development 4.1.1. Driveway entrances | | | |
| D1 Driveways shall be located and designed to avoid the following: □ being located opposite other existing access driveways with significant vehicle usage; □ restricted sight distances; □ on-street queuing; and □ being located within 6m from a tangent point. | | | Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the proposed driveway layout and position and raised no objections. |
| D2 Driveways servicing car parking shall comply with AS 2890 – Parking Facilities or similar designs for car turning paths unless otherwise advised by Council's Works and Services Department. | | | |
| D4 The maximum gradient for a driveway shall be 20% (with appropriate transitions). However, in extreme circumstances, gradients up to 25% (with appropriate transitions) shall be considered. | | | |
| D6 Circulation roadways and ramps servicing car parking areas shall comply with AS 2890 – Parking Facilities unless otherwise advised by Council's Works and Services department. | | | |
| | i | i | 1 |

| 4.4 Residential flat build 4.4.1 Number of parking | | | | For the purpose of calculating car park required for the development, the Traffic Generating Development requirements of |
|--|--|--|-------------|--|
| D1 Car parking for residual comply with the requirement | lential flat buildings shall nts: | | \boxtimes | the RMS have been applied to Buildings B, C and D (the market housing), generating the following requirement: |
| 1 bedroom dwelling 2 bedroom dwelling 3 bedroom dwelling 4 bedroom dwelling Visitor spaces | 1.0 parking space 1.0 parking space 2.0 parking space 2.0 parking space 0.2 parking space r car parking calculations | | | |
| | | | | proposed to be allocated to the affordable housing units in Building A; compliant with the minimum requirement of SEPP ARH. |
| | | | | A total of 406 residential and visitor spaces are provided, in addition to 15 child care spaces and 5 neighbourhood shop spaces. |
| | | | | The total car parking provision of 426 spaces is considered adequate to service the development. |
| D2 Stacked parking for a spaces may be provided dwelling. | maximum of 2 car parking only for use by the same | | \boxtimes | No stacked residential spaces proposed. |
| minimum internal width of | e enclosed if they have a 3m clear of columns and lian Standards and BCA | | \boxtimes | No enclosed spaces. |

| ty door. |
|--------------------|
| ent. The nan 1m |
| parking |
| |
| |
| qm / 40 |
| S |
| |
| = H |

| Requirement | Yes | No | N/A | Comments |
|--|-----|----|-----|--|
| ACCESS AND MOBILITY | | | | |
| 2.0 Design guidelines for access 2.1 New/proposed development | | | | |
| D1 The following key standards shall apply when designing for access and mobility: AS 1428.1 – Design for Access and Mobility: General Requirements for Access – New Building Work. | | | | The development has been accompanied by an Access Report which demonstrates compliance with the AS and the provision of adaptable housing. |
| This standard sets out the minimum requirements for disabled access that apply to all proposed developments that are subject to development applications except for buildings classes specified in section 1.2 of this part within the Auburn LGA. • AS 1428.2 – Design for Access and Mobility: Enhanced and Additional requirements | | | | |
| Buildings and Facilities. This standard sets out enhanced requirements for the minimum access stated under AS 1428.1. AS 1428.3 – Design for Access and Mobility Requirements for Children and Adolescents with Physical Disabilities. | | | | |
| This standard sets out requirements for the design and installation of tactile indicators for use on ground floor surfaces to assist the mobility of people with vision impairment. • AS 1428.4 – Design for Access and Mobility: Tactile Ground Surface Indicators for the Orientation of People with Vision Impairment. | | | | |
| This standard sets out requirements for the design and installation of tactile indicators for use on ground floor surfaces to assist the mobility of people with vision impairment. • Building Code of Australia. • AS 2890 – Parking facilities. | | | | |
| This standard sets out access requirements relating to off street commercial vehicle parking. | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Requirement | Yes | No | N/A | Comments |
|--|-----|----|-----|--|
| STORMWATER DRAINAGE | | | | |
| 2.2 Overland flow paths | | | | |
| D1 Provision shall be made to ensure runoff from storms up to the 100 year ARI, which cannot be conveyed within the piped drainage system (minor system including overflows from roof gutters) is safely conveyed within formal or informal overland flow paths (major system) to Council's system. Where it is not practicable to provide paths for overland flows, the piped drainage system shall be sized to accept runoff up to the 100 year ARI. | | | | Development Engineer has recommended deferred commencement conditions of consent to ensure compliance of the stormwater design with the provisions of the ADCP 2010. |
| 2.3 Flow or runoff across property boundaries | | | | |
| D1 Runoff currently entering the site from upstream properties shall not be obstructed from flowing onto the site and shall not be redirected so as to increase the quantity or concentration of surface runoff entering adjoining properties. Where the overland flow rates are high, the requirements outlined in section 6.0 on flood risk management will need to be satisfied. | | | | Development Engineer has recommended deferred commencement conditions of consent to ensure compliance of the stormwater design with the provisions of the |
| D2 Where increased seepage is anticipated or becomes evident as a result of building or site works and is likely to adversely impact on adjoining properties or the public footpaths, adequate subsoil cutoff drains shall be provided and connected to the piped drainage system. | | | | ADCP 2010. |
| 6.1 Flood risk management general requirements | | | | |
| D1 Compliance with the controls applicable to the proposed land use category and FRPs within which the site is located, as specified in Table 5: ☐ Haslams Creek floodplain; ☐ Duck river floodplain (to be reviewed upon preparation of a FRMP for this Floodplain); and ☐ Cooks river floodplain. | | | | The proposed stormwater design has been reviewed by Council's Development Engineer and deferred commencement conditions of consent have been recommended to ensure compliance of the stormwater design with the provisions of the ADCP 2010. |
| D3 Development proposals shall provide appropriate documentation including a report from a qualified engineer to demonstrate the raised structure will not be at risk of failure from the forces of floodwaters and the provision of details such as landscaping and architectural enhancements which ensure that the resultant structure will not result in significant adverse impacts upon the amenity and character of an area. | | | | See above comment. |
| D4 The proposal shall not have a significant detrimental impact on: water quality; native bushland vegetation; riparian vegetation; estuaries, wetlands, lakes or other water bodies; aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems; indigenous flora and fauna; or fluvial geomorphology. | | | | See above comment. |

| 6.2 Fencing | | |
|---|--|--|
| D1 Fencing within a high FRP shall not be permissible except for security/permeable/safety fences of a type approved by Council. | | No fencing proposed. |
| 7.1 Rainwater tanks | | |
| D1 For all developments, rainwater tanks or a water reuse device shall be incorporated into the stormwater drainage system with a minimum storage size of 5,000 litres (for site area less than 1500m²) and 10,000 litres (for site area greater than 1500m²) or that amount required by BASIX for residential development. | | A condition of consent has been recommended requiring compliance with the BASIX Certificates. |
| D2 All systems shall be installed under the following guidelines: ☐ A first flush diversion to remove roof contamination is recommended. ☐ Adequate screening to prevent mosquito breeding and to prevent entry of any animals or foreign matter. | | |
| D3 Rainwater tanks shall comply with plumbing guidelines and Sydney Water requirements. ☐ A sign shall be installed stating "Not for Human Consumption". ☐ Overflow from the tank shall be piped to the approved drainage system. ☐ Aboveground tanks shall not be located within the front building line and shall be detailed to be compatible with the surrounding environment. | | |
| 8.1 Erosion and sediment control plans (ESCPs) | | |
| D1 The ESCP shall be in accordance with the standards outlined in Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction by the NSW Department of Housing. ESCP for all developments and/or associated works shall be prepared to the satisfaction of Council and | | A condition of consent has been recommended to address erosion and sediment control management prior to the commencement of works and for the duration of the demolition and construction works. |
| conform to the specifications and standards contained within this Part. | | |
| All erosion and sedimentation controls shall be in place prior to the commencement of works. | | |
| | | |

| Requirement | Yes | No | N/A | Comments |
|--|-----|----|-----|--|
| WASTE | | • | | |
| 2.0 Demolition and construction D1 All materials that arise from demolition and construction shall comply with a Waste Management Plan (WMP) before recycling or disposal. | | | | A condition of consent has been recommended to address waste management during the demolition and construction phases of the development. |
| 3.3 Residential flat buildings D2 Communal garbage and recycling room shall be provided near the collection point with the capacity for storing all garbage and recycling likely to be generated in the building between collections. | | | | The development application was referred to Council's Waste Management Officer for comment who has provided conditions of consent. A condition of consent has been |
| D7 All dwellings shall have convenient access to either personal or communal recycling storage bins to meet Councils waste collection specifications and are to be capable of being conveniently serviced by Councils waste management collection vehicles. | | | | recommended for waste management requiring the provision of a hot and cold hose cock within the Bin Room. Waste collection has been conditioned to be from the street kerb. |
| D9 A water tap and drain are to be provided adjacent to the communal garbage collection area. | | | | |

| Requirement | Yes | No | N/A | Comments |
|--|-----|----|-----|---|
| TREE PRESERVATION | | | | |
| 3.0 Development controls | | | | |
| D3 Documented evidence, such as that by a qualified arborist, shall accompany any application for removal or partial removal of a tree and shall be justified as: • the tree was dead; • causing or potentially causing structural damage and supporting documentation is provided such as structural engineer's report; • having sustained severe damage from vehicle impact or natural hazards such as lightning, wind or flood and no other course of action will rectify the problem; • being diseased or has structural defects and remedial pruning (see AS 4373/2007) will improve the health of the tree; or • a potential hazard to the amenity of the development due to tree form or structural integrity, species characteristics or history, the size of any tree part that is likely to fail or other reasons where the tree may be | | | | Standard conditions of consent relating to tree protection have been recommended. |